OVERVIEW OF THE 30 MAIN CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Please refer for the appendices to www.sen-foundation.org

TWELVE GLOBAL POINTS OF FOCUS

1. Strengthening the UN Security Council by adding other big states (such as India) as non-permanent members, without veto, on a regular basis to the Big Five who have veto power  CHAPTER 11

2. Peace policy and the reduction of armaments through better conventions banning weapons of mass destruction and new treaties aiming to prevent the dissemination of small arms  CHAPTER 6

3. Strengthening European Union by restricting the unanimity rule in external actions and fortifying the positions of the President of the European Council and the High Representative for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy  CHAPTER 11

4. Reforming the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank Group through a greater role for leading economists from the emerging economies  CHAPTER 11
5. Strengthening of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees by increased authorisation for refugee care and maintenance of civil law in large camps
CHAPTER 8
6. Reform of the UN funding institutions for development cooperation in order to make them more effective CHAPTER 11
7. Expanding the role of the UN Population Fund regarding voluntary birth regulation and UN programs to fight HIV / AIDS CHAPTERS 3 AND 11
8. Strengthening UN institutions working on behalf of women’s autonomy
CHAPTER 3
9. Establishment of an Organization of Democratic States operating as a consultation group within the UN CHAPTER 11
10. Establishment of an Environmental Security that can solve stalemates in global climate related issues CHAPTER 11
11. Reforming or abolishing emissions trading in carbon dioxide; introducing a carbon tax CHAPTER 9
12. Improvement of the global trading system through liberalization in favour of export from poorer countries and rules to foster fair trade and environmentally responsible production CHAPTERS 7, 11 en 12

THIRTEEN POINTS OF IMPROVEMENT AT NATIONAL LEVEL

1. Enhancing national disaster warning systems and strengthening disaster aid organizations to reduce vulnerability CHAPTER 5
2. Improved implementation of various conventions, particularly those concerning human rights, and reinforcement of surveillance thereof CHAPTERS 10, 11
3. Funding development cooperation, particularly for the achievement of the Millennium Development Goals (basic amenities for all people) CHAPTERS 11, 12
4. International support for civil society building in poor and undemocratic countries, including trade unions and democratic political parties CHAPTERS 10, 12
5. Democratisation that is suitable and appropriate regarding the humanitarian elements of indigenous culture and religions CHAPTERS 10, 11, 12
6. International police and judicial cooperation CHAPTERS 10, 11, 12
7. Tax shift from labour towards raw materials and energy CHAPTERS 2, 12
8. To auction permits for certain usage rights and consumer goods CHAPTER 2
9. Two Pillar Model of popular representation and advisory boards CHAPTER 10
10. The promotion of independent political news coverage by means of professional media CHAPTER 10
11. To use agricultural land for 70 per cent more food, not for biofuels CHAPTER 4
12. Protecting nature by enforcing laws and treaties CHAPTER 7
13. Social studies and environmental studies in schools CHAPTER 10

FIVE LOCAL AND PERSONAL POINTS OF ACTION

1. Well informed choice of political party CHAPTER 13 AND ATTACHMENTS 6 AND 7
2. Global conscious governance in community organizations, municipalities, counties and associations ATTACHMENT 5
3. Supporting charity organizations and volunteer work CHAPTERS 12, 13 AND ATTACHMENT 5
4. Reducing the use of fossil fuels and CO2 emissions by fifty per cent and exploiting non-fossil energy – solar energy in particular CHAPTERS 2, 9, 12, 13
5. Shifting from the consumption of animal protein towards vegetable products and using fair, sustainable commercial products CHAPTERS 2, 7, 12, 13